Bicycle Sport

AMERICA'S OFF-ROAD GLASSIC:

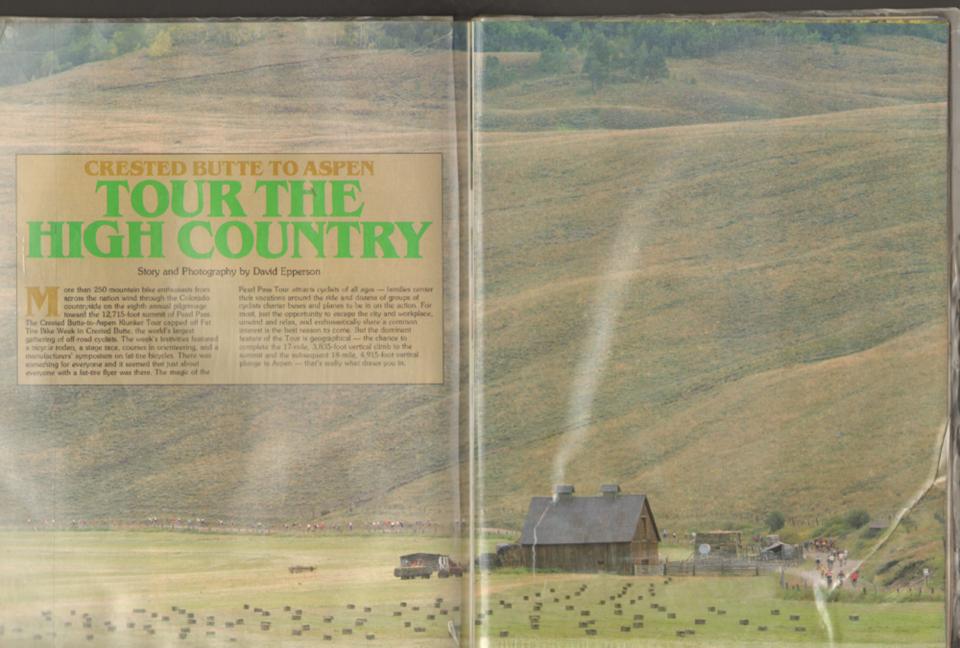
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CRESTED BUTTE TO ASPEN: THE BEGINNINGS

By Charles R. Kelly

he first Crested Butte-to-Aspen "Bunker tour" was an umplenned, unorganized and completely spontaneous event — the kind that should probably only happens once. Hod the rest of the world not interfered, it might have only happened once. Now it is the premier off-road event, and there are at least three thousand people who claim to have been on the first one.

To appreciate the origin of the tour it is necessary to understand the difference between the towns of Aspen and Crested Butte. Although they are only 40 miles apart by crow or by an off-road bike, they are 120 paved miles apart and perhaps further apart culturally. Aspen is known as the playground of the rich; the town is well-kept and expensive. In 1976, the year of the first tour, Crested Butte sported one paved street (lined with blue-collar bars left over from the mining days), and the summertime economy of the ski town was slow. One group of robust locals, nicknamed the "Hotshots," made their summer living fighting forest fires for \$5 an hour, and spent a good part of those earnings in the - are you ready? -Grubstake Saloon.

Crested Butte being so small and the streets so rough, many of the residents owned "Tom blikes," stripped one-speed cruisers of uncertain virtuge and ancestry. These were used strictly in town, the idea of true off-roading being confined to motorcycles and four-wheel-drives.

In autumn 1976, just when the fire season was winding down, a horde of motorcyclists from Aspen made their tortuous way to Crested Butte over 12,700 frost-high Pearl Pass. The pass is tough chough to be a legitimate test for any whitch, Including motorcycles, and the Aspen ridges parked their biles in front of the Grubstake, then belies up to the bar to lubricate their success.

This didn't sit too well with the locals, especially the Hotshots, who felt like they were crowded in their own oasts. Rick Verplank suggested that everyone go get their town bikes for a ride over to Aspen and park a load of ragged bikes in front of the Jerome Hotel, a popular Aspen watering hole.

So the first tour got under way.
Some hardy souls actually rode their
bidges, at least part of the way, to the
base camp at 11,000 feet. Others pled
their bidges into the several trucks and
seps that accompanied the group,
bringing beer, food, tents and other
companies are properly the companies of their
seps that accompanies the group.

scene of a large party, with a good number showing up from town in whicles.

The next day some of the trucks and all the riders pushed over the pass. Richard "The Ret" Ullery, who had a broken leg, achieved a few moments of notoriety by riding over in a padded antique copper bathtub in the back of a jeep. Albert Mauriz suffered the first of a number of yearly flat tires in a place that came to be known as "Albert's Flats." Somehow the crew eventually arrived in Aspen looking grizzled and hungover enough to properly intimidate the patrons of the Jerome Hotel. After celebrating. everyone returned to the Butte via truck, no doubt thinking that that was the end of that, in fact, it was the

Although there was talk back in Crested Butte of the Grubstake sponsoring the ride as an annual event, in 1977 there was no "second annual" tour. The subject might have been forgotten had not a local freelance writer mentioned it in a magazine article that came to the attention of some Northern California riders, who were just then developing what has now become the popular "mountain" bike. Under the impression that the "tour" was a regular event, they called the Grubstake and asked if they could go along on the 1978 version. The party who unwittingly answered the phone said, "Sure," and opened the floodgates.

In September of 1978, five California riders, fancy blees and all, showed up in Crested Batte, ready for the ride. Duane Reading and Bob Starr, at that time co-owners of the Grubstake swallowed hard, then rounded up some food and a couple of trucks and announced so the surprised locals that the four was on again for that year. As finally assembled, the group included eight riders from Crested Butte, two from other parts of Colondo and the five from California.

The local riders were hardly prepared for the West Coast sechnology or cycling dedication.

Crested Butte Pilot reported: "Shortly after the tour departed, the first mishap occurred: a flet tire on Dick 'Archie' Archuleta's kluriker. The California boys jackkniled into action: tools selected after years of experience glimmered in the sunlight as the interpid Californians removed the wheel, replaced the tube, tuned the

spokes, remounted the wheel, slacked the cones a tad, adjusted the chain and had Archie's blke back on the road in 35 seconds flat!"

Several other mechanical problems that morning pointed up the fact that the ride, although a lighthearted event, was not a joke in some respects. A working mechine was a necessity. All the breakdowns were on "hown blikes," which had never been exposed to this lend of treatment and weren't really built for it.

Riders feasted that right on steaks and beer brought up by Duane Reading, and another tradition was created. The next morning the little crew, now down to 13, after the defection of two riders, struggled. steggered and straggled to the top of the pass, possibly slower than anyone else has ever covered a similar distance with a bicycle, where they posed for a photo. In that photo, the California riders were obvious: they all locked smug because their bides worked. The Crested Butte riders just looked tough. They were dressed mostly in shorts despite the bitting wind, and their bides were all one-speeds with ape-ianger handlebars.

he six-or-seven-mile trip down Pearl Pass, over what is possibly the roughet piece of road anywhere on the planet, once again separated the men from the bikes. Albert got his yearly flat, and Richard "The Rat" once again jeeped

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Into Aspen when his coaster brake shattered (he continued for awhile by jamming his foot into the front wheel). Outside Aspen everyone regrouped and Bob Starr distributed balloons, which were put on the forks so the spokes rubbing them would simulate the sound of a motorcycle. Then the unlikely assembly vroomed into Aspen, where they met at the Jerome to toast their accomplishment.

Transportation back to the Butte was a single flatbed truck, which made the three-hour drive piled high with blikes and riders.

Since 1978 the tour has skyrocketed in popularity, and this year's eighth annual (seventh actual) had 250 participants. In a short time Crested Butse has become the hardcore offroad center of the United States, a place where perhaps half the residents own fat-tire bikes, many of them custom models. The Hosbinos don't go on the tour anymore, since the emphasis has shifted from partying to actually riding bicycles. Now there are roces, tours, events, teams, publicity, you name it. Crested Butte-to-Asset, is a great ride. But one time, it was a heli of a party.

Kelly missed the first "klunker tour" but he's managed to ride every year since. It's a record he's proud of, one that he shares with only two others.







ff-road bicycle racing is rapidly growing—
nowhere was the competitive spirit more
apparent than in Cressed Butte. The Paradise
Divide stage race was the center of excitement
the day before the tour and much of the attention was
focused on the strong Ross Bicycles Team. They appeared
to have the best chance against locals Don and Steve
Cook in the 30-mile road race and the criterium through
the town streets.

Cook in the 30-mile road race and the criterium through the town streets.

But the Ritchey MountainBikes Team threw a curve of its own, signing up 1983 Coors road champion Dale Stetine to lead its squad. When the dust settled, Stetina (bottom, left) and Steve Cook (bottom, center) tied for the overall championship. Ross Team captain Clark Roberts was a strong third. Marin County, California racer Jacque Phalen, alias Alice B. Toe Clips (bottom, right), dominated the upper control of the control o

The women's competition.

(Top) The criterium start through town streets included top talents Tom Ritchey, Gary Fisher, Seeve McIntosh, and Don Davis. (Center) Ross Team hotshoe Jim Harlow led the chase group through the tight corners of Crested Butte.

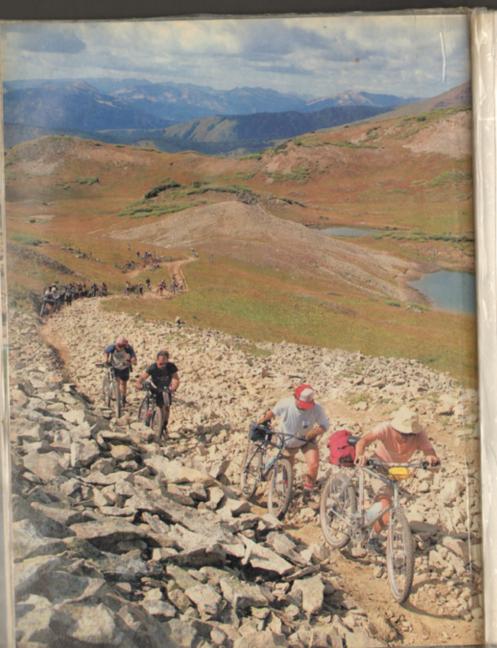
Many non-competitive riders used race day as an opportunity to escape to the high country for some peaceful cruising. (Far left) A side on a path winding through a mountainside Aspen grove provides for quiet enjoyment, far from the din of the crowd.







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s you huff and puff your way to the summit of Pearl Pass, it is somewhat comforting to note that over 100 years before, some of our strall. They, however, were not riding fancy, high-tech transport. Pack mules and wagons were the vehicles of choice.

The Great Rocky Mountain passes were opened first by trappers and traders and then by miners in the rush for gold and silver. Pearl Pass is the result of the mineral rush.

In 1878, Leadville, Colorado overflowed with miners and their entourages who headed west after hearing news of the biggett gold strike since California. Those new arrivals found every spot claimed, so they moved west to the Gunnison-Crested Butte-Aspen area. Accordingly, Pearl Pass, which follows an old Ute Indian route, was built in 1881 as a pack trail connecting Aspen and Crested Butte. The trail features some of the roughest terrain in the Rockies.

In his book The Groat Gotes, Marshal Sprague writes, "Mule skinners were conducting their teams and wagons over Pearl Pass, thoug that with ease or gladness. The seventeen mile ascent son't from Crested Butte to the barren spectacular top was not much worse than very difficult. The real trouble begin on the Aspen side — an eighteen mile forment.

Pearl Pass officially opened for wagon traffic in 1882, but reverted to a pack traff by 1885. It officially opened to proneers of another sort when fat-tire enthusiasts made the first two-wheeled tref eight years ago.

